





## **Principle of gas polarisation for MRI:** • ultra-pure <sup>3</sup>He gas is flown through OP cell (acquires nuclear polarisation $M_{OP}$ ) • polarised gas is extracted from OP cell and accumulated at increasing pressure $P_{acc} \propto t$ ideally (i.e. with no relaxation losses) : $M_{acc}=M_{OP}$ • when required <sup>3</sup>He *dose* is obtained, it is: 1- mixed with neutral gas if desired (e.g. 0.5 litre N<sub>2</sub>) 2- extracted into the bag (reversing compressor rotation) 3- delivered to be inhaled from the bag Polarisation preserving OP cell peristaltic compressor (1 - 3 mbar)laser beam Storage cell (0 - 1 bar)<sup>3</sup>He gas flow (typ. 1 - 5 scc/min) Detachable plastic bag (for transport to subject)